



# Geography

## British and Egyptian

### Land Use

Y3

#### We will learn:

- How to use co-ordinates to name and locate the UK, its countries, capital cities and surrounding seas
- How to identify physical features (such as hills, mountains, seas, rivers) on a map (atlas/ OS map)
- The key topographical features of the UK
- The location of Egypt and identify its topographical features in comparison to the UK.
- Why and where human settlements are in Egypt and compare this to human settlements in the UK
- about agriculture and farming in Ancient Egypt.



#### We will practise these skills:

- Use maps, globes and atlases to name and locate key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers) of the United Kingdom
- Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlement and land use
- Use 4 points of a compass, and letter/number co-ordinates to identify features on a map

#### We will learn about these significant people:

##### **Imhotep (approximately 2650–2575 BC)**

Imhotep the architect is credited with the development of a six-layer step pyramid at Saqqarah, the world's oldest stone monument, and is considered the essential first step in the development of the pyramid.



#### We will use this vocabulary:

England  
Scotland  
Wales  
Northern Ireland  
London  
Cardiff

Edinburgh  
Belfast  
Irish Sea  
English Channel  
North Sea  
Atlantic Ocean

River Severn  
River Thames  
River Tay  
Ben Nevis  
Scafell Pike  
Snowdon  
Slieve Donard

Egypt  
The Nile  
agriculture  
settlement  
compass  
co-ordinates